Revision of the National Government Action Plan



- Cabinet decided on the plan to reduce GHG emissions from national government operations on 22nd of October, 2021.
- Updated the goal to reduce GHG emissions by 50% by the fiscal year 2030 from its fiscal year 2013 levels. To this end, foster measures including: promote solar power generation, make newly constructed buildings net zero energy buildings (ZEBs), electrify the official vehicles, introduce more LED lighting and procure electricity generated from renewable energy sources.

 Follow-up every fiscal year and implement PDCA cycle

Key points included in the new plan

Solar Power Generation

Aim to install solar power generation equipment on approximately 50% or more of government-owned buildings (including sites) where it can be installed.



Newly constructed buildings

In principle, make new buildings constructed in the future ZEB Oriented or equivalent, with the goal of achieving **ZEB Ready or equivalent on average for new buildings by FY2030**.

 $\underline{\text{\% Definitions: }} \underline{\text{https://www.enecho.meti.go.jp/category//saving_and_new/saving/zeb_report/pdf/report_160212_en.pdf} \\$

Official vehicles

Unless there are no alternative electric vehicles available, make all new installations and renewals electric vehicles from FY2022, and make all stock (all official vehicles used) electric vehicles by FY2030.



*Eectrified vehicles: EV, FCV, PHV, HV

LED Lighting

Make the percentage of LED lighting installations to 100% by FY2030, including facilities.

Renewable energy procurement

By 2030, procure at least 60% of the electricity used in each ministries and agencies from renewable energy sources.

3R + Renewable

Comprehensively promote the transition to Circular Economy by thoroughly implementing **3R+Renewable** of wastes, especially plastics, from government buildings.

**3R:Reduce, Recycle*



PET bottle collection machine in one of the government buildings